OFFICE O EAKER DATE S. Ara . A TIME: RECD BY -Ferritary of Smam Feritorion Guam OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR UFISINAN I MAGA'LAHI AGANA, GUAM 96910 U.S.A.

MAR 3 1 1994

The Honorable Joe T. San Agustin Speaker, Twenty-Second Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96910

Dear Mr. Speaker:

Transmitted herewith is Bill No. 640 which I have signed into law this date as

Public Law 22-100.

Sincerely yours,

with

7 JOSEPH F. ADA Governor of Guam 220607

Attachment



## TWENTY-SECOND GUAM LEGISLATURE 1994 (SECOND) Regular Session

# CERTIFICATION OF PASSAGE OF AN ACT TO THE GOVERNOR

This is to certify that Substitute Bill No. 640 (LS), "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, ON THE JUVENILE CURFEW," was on the 14th day of March, 1994, duly and regularly passed.

T. SAN AGUS

JOE T. SAN AGUSTIN Speaker

Attested:

PILAR C. LUVAN

Senator and Legislative Secretary

This Act was received by the Governor this <u>21st</u> day of <u>March</u> 1994, at <u>11:12</u> o'clock <u>A</u>.M.

Assistant Staff Officer Governor's Office

**APPROVED:** 

JOSEPH F. ADA Governor of Guam

Date: MAR 3 1 1994

Public Law No. 22-100

TWENTY-SECOND GUAM LEGISLATURE 1993 (FIRST) Regular Session

#### Bill No. 640 (LS)

As substituted by the Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice and as further substituted by the Committee on Rules

#### Introduced by:

E. P. Arriola T.C. Ada J.P. Aguon M. Z. Bordallo H. D. Dierking C. T. C. Gutierrez P. C. Lujan T. S. Nelson V. C. Pangelinan D. Parkinson E. D. Reves J. T. San Agustin F. E. Santos D. L. G. Shimizu J. G. Bamba A. C. Blaz D. F. Brooks F. P. Camacho M. D. A. Manibusan T. V. C. Tanaka A. R. Unpingco

#### AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, ON THE JUVENILE CURFEW.

**1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:** 

2 Section 1. Legislative findings. The Legislature finds that there has

3 been an increase in Guam in juvenile gang activity and in general an increase

in the incidence of juvenile criminal activity, particularly during the evening
hours. The Legislature further finds that (i) it has a legitimate governmental
interest in protecting children and the community, in reducing the incidence of
juvenile criminal activity and in enforcing parental control over juveniles,
and (ii) a more up-to-date and effective curfew law which can be enforced is
required to promote these interest.

7 The Legislature also finds that a curfew law should only contain 8 reasonable restrictions on the personal rights of juveniles, taking into account 9 the legitimate nocturnal pursuits of minors in public places. At the same time 10 an effective curfew law should also penalize those adult persons, firms and 11 businesses which allow or permit minors to violate a reasonable curfew.

12 Section 2. §31.65 of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, is repealed and 13 reenacted to read:

14 "§31.65. Curfew. A curfew applicable to minors is established
15 and shall be enforced as follows:

(a) Definition of minor. The term "minor" shall mean any
unemancipated person below the age of seventeen (17) years, but
does not include any person in the Armed Forces of the United
States, or a married person.

(b) Time limits. It is illegal for any minor to be or remain upon
any of the alleys, streets or places of business and amusement,
including parks, playgrounds or other public places or grounds in
Guam between the hours of 10:00 p.m. in the evening to 5:00 a.m. of
the following day.

(c) Exceptions. The prohibition set out in subsection (b) of this
 section shall not apply (i) to any minor who is accompanied by a
 guardian, parent or other person charged with the care and custody

of such minor, or other person responsible person over eighteen (18) years of age, or (ii) to any minor who is travelling internationally or inter-island or between his or her home or place of residence and to a theater, or to his or her place of employment, or to where a church, municipal, school or university function is being held.

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6 (d) Responsibility of adults. It is illegal for any parent, 7 guardian or other person charged with the care and custody of any 8 minor to allow or permit such minor to be in or upon any of the 9 streets, alleys, places of business or amusement or other public places 10 within the curfew hours set by subsection (b) of this section except as 11 otherwise provided in subsection (c) of this section. Persons found 12 guilty of violating this subsection (d) shall be fined Five Hundred 13 Dollars (\$500), and each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

(e) Enforcement. Any peace officer while on duty is
empowered to arrest any minor who violates any of the provisions
of subsection (b) of this section. Upon arrest, the minor shall be
returned to the custody of the parent, guardian or other person
charged with the care and custody of the minor. The fines collected
pursuant to any violation of this section shall be earmarked for
village recreational facilities."

Section 3. Title. This Act may be cited or referred to as the "Juvenile
Curfew Act of 1994".

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# **TWENTY-SECOND GUAM LEGISLATURE**

1994 (SECOND) Regular Session

Date: 3/14/94

### **VOTING SHEET**

(AS REVISED)

Bill No. <u>640</u>

f

**4** 

Resolution No.

Question: \_\_\_\_\_

NAME	AYE	NO	<u>NOT</u> <u>VOTING/</u> <u>ABSTAINED</u>	ABSENT/ OUT DURING ROLL CALL
ADA, Thomas C.				
AGUON, John P.	V			
ARRIOLA, Elizabeth P.	V			
BAMBA, J. George	V			
BLAZ, Anthony C.	$\checkmark$			
BORDALLO, Madeleine Z.	$\checkmark$			
BROOKS, Doris F.	V			
CAMACHO, Felix P.	V			
DIERKING, Herminia D.	V			
GUTIERREZ, Carl T. C.	V			
LUJAN, Pilar C.	~			
MANIBUSAN, Marilyn D. A.	V			
NELSON, Ted S.				
PANGELINAN, Vicente C.				
PARKINSON, Don				
REYES, Edward D.	~			
SAN AGUSTIN, Joe T.	$\checkmark$			
SANTOS, Francis E.	~			
SHIMIZU, David L. G.				
TANAKA, Thomas V. C.				
UNPINGCO, Antonio R.	1			

TOTAL

21



### Senator Pilar Cruz Lujan

Legislative Secretary ' Chairperson - Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice

March 8, 1994

Honorable Joe T. San Agustin Speaker, Twenty-Second Guam Legislature 155 Hesler St. Agana, Guam

#### VIA: Chairperson, Committee on Rules

Dear Mr. Speaker:

The Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice, to which was referred Bill No.640, wishes to report its findings and recommendation for passage of **Substitute Bill No. 640**.

The Committee voting record is as follows:

10	TO PASS
	NOT TO PASS
0	ABSTAIN
0	TO PLACE IN INACTIVE FILE
1	TO REPORT OUT ONLY

A copy of the Committee Report and all pertinent documents are attached for your information.

Sincerely,

filar C. Lugar PILAR C. LUIAN

# Profile on Substitute Bill No. 640

Short Title:	"Juvenile Curfew Act."
Main Sponsor(s):	Senator Elizabeth P. Arriola.
Date Introduced:	Wednesday, September 15, 1993.
Committee Referral:	To the Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice on Tuesday, September 21, 1993
Public Hearing:	Friday, January 14, 1994.
Official Title:	"AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT OF AND TO INSTITUTE PENALTIES AGAINST PERSONS FOUND VIOLATING THE CURFEW LAW; AND TO CITE THE ACT AS THE JUVENILE CURFEW ACT OF 1994."

Co-Sponsor(s):

Recommendation:

To do pass as substituted.

# <u>Committee</u> Findings

- 1. The previous statute, in terms of enforcement, was unenforceable because of the issue of constitutionality.
- 2. The proposed statute, should be able to pass constitutional muster.
- 3. This is similar to an Iowa statute that has already been litigated at the state court level and the Supreme Court.
- 4. The Supreme Court has recognized the legitimate interest by the states and the territories in controlling the activities of minor.
- 5. The definition of the legal age should be changed from 16 to 17 years and below with the exception of married minors and those persons serving in the Armed Forces.



# REPORT ON SUBSTITUTE BILL NO. 640

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT OF AND TO INSTITUTE PENALTIES AGAINST PERSONS FOUND VIOLATING THE CURFEW LAW; AND TO CITE THE ACT AS THE JUVENILE CURFEW ACT OF 1994.

Introduced by Senator Elizabeth P. Arriola

# Preface:

The Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice, to which was referred Bill No. 640, "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED PERTAINING TO JUVENILE CURFEW," conducted a public hearing on Friday, January 14, 1994, at 1:55 p.m. in the Legislative Public Hearing Room. Committee members present Senator Pilar C. Lujan, Committee Chairperson, and Senator Francis E. Santos. Also in attendance were Senators Felix P. Camacho, Doris F. Brooks, and Elizabeth P. Arriola.

# Notification:

Letters were sent to the Governor, the Chief Prosecutor office of the Attorney General, the Chief of Police, the members of the Mayors' Council, the Guam Youth Congress, the Committee members and the newsmedia. The general public was notified via the Legislative Weekly Calendar and a paid notice.



# Testimony:

At this time, the Chairperson called on Mayors Antonio Babauta and Greg Borja, Ms. Paula Ulloa, and Atty. Frances Tydingco-Gatewood to present testimony on Bill No. 640.

Stating that this legislation is long overdue, Agat Mayor Antonio Babauta testified in support of Bill No. 640. Next, Santa Rita Mayor Greg Borja, Chairman of the Mayors' Council Legislative and Financial Affairs Committee, also testified in support and recommended that the legislation be passed.

Representing the Youth Congress was Ms. Paula Ulloa, Vice Chairperson of the Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice. The Youth Congress finds the intent of the legislation to be beneficial to the people of Guam. However, certain sections must be addressed before being reported out to the floor by the Committee. Ms. Ulloa suggested that the definition of the term "minor," as used in the context of Bill 640, be changed to "legal age" and defined to include "those persons below the age of seventeen (17) except those persons serving in the Armed Forces or a married person.

Representing the Department of Law was Atty. Frances Tydingco-Gatewood. At the outset, she informed the Committee that the previous statute, in terms of enforcement, was not enforced because of the statute's constitutionality. However, Tydingco-Gatewood went on to say that the proposed statute, according to the Solicitor's Office, should be able to pass constitutional muster. This, she said, is similar to an Iowa statute that has already been litigated at the state court level and the Supreme Court.

Concluding her testimony, Atty. Tydingco-Gatewood informed the Committee that the Supreme Court has recognized the ligitimate interest by the states and the territories in controlling the activities of minor.

# Adjournment:

There being no further questions, the Chairperson taking into consideration the comments presented, adjourned the Committee hearing on Bill No. 640.





# Findings and Section Analysis:

Please refer to page entitled "Profile on Substitute Bill No. 640."

# **Recommendation:**

The Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice, to which was referred Bill No. 640, "AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT OF AND TO INSTITUTE PENALTIES AGAINST PERSONS FOUND VIOLATING THE CURFEW LAW; AND TO CITE THE ACT AS THE JUVENILE CURFEW ACT OF 1994," has had the same under consideration, and now wishes to report back the same with the recommendation to do pass.





#### TWENTY SECOND GUAM LEGISLATURE 1993 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. <u>640</u> (LS) As substituted by the Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice March 1, 1994

Introduced by:

E. P. Arriola

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT OF AND TO INSTITUTE PENALTIES AGAINST PERSONS FOUND VIOLATING THE CURFEW LAW; AND TO CITE THE ACT AS THE JUVENILE CURFEW ACT OF 1994.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF
 GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings: The Legislature finds that there has 3 been an alarming increase in juvenile gang activity and in general an 4 increase in the incidence of juvenile criminal activity, particularly during 5 the evening hours. The Legislature also finds that it has legitimate 6 governmental interests in protecting children and the community, in 7 reducing the incidence of juvenile criminal activity and in enforcing 8 parental control over juveniles. A more up to date and effective curfew 9 law which can be be enforced is required to promote these interests. The 10 Legislature further finds that a curfew law should only contain reasonable 11 restrictions on the personal rights of juveniles taking into account the 12 legitimate nocturnal pursuits of minors in the public eye. At the same time, 13

the Legislature further finds that in order for any curfew law to be effective, penalties must be instituted and applied against those adult persons, firms and businesses which allows and encourages minors to violate the curfew laws.

5 Section 2. §31.65 of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated is hereby 6 repealed and reenacted to read as follows:

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**"§31.65. Curfew. (a)** A curfew applicable to minors is hereby established and shall be enforced as follows:

9 (b) Definition. The term "minor" shall mean, in this section,
10 any unemancipated person below the age of seventeen (17) years of
11 age. The term "minor" does not include any person in the Armed
12 Forces of the United States, or a married person.

(c) Time Limits. It is illegal for any minor to be or remain
upon any of the alleys, streets or public places or places of business
and amusement, including parks, playgrounds or other public places
or grounds between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. of the
following day.

18 **Exceptions.** The restriction provided by subsection (c) (d) shall not apply to any minor that is accompanied by a guardian, 19 20 parent or other person charged with the care and custody of such minor, or other responsible person over eighteen (18) years of age, 21 nor shall the restriction apply to any minor who is traveling 22 23 internationally, or between his home or place of residence and a 24 theater, his place of employment, or where a church, municipal, school or university function is being held. 25

(e) Responsibility of Adults. It is illegal for any parent,
guardian or other person charged with the care and custody of any

minor to allow or permit such minor to be in or upon any of the
streets, alleys, streets or public places or places of business and
amusement, including parks, playgrounds or other public places or
grounds as set forth within the curfew, except as otherwise set forth
in paragraph (d). Persons found guilty of violating the provisions
contained herein shall be subject to a fine of Five Hundred Dollars
(\$500) and that each violation shall constitute a separate offense.

8 Responsibility of the Business Establishments. It is illegal **(f)** for any person, firm or corporation operating a place of business or 9 10 amusement to allow or permit any minor to be in or upon any place of business or amusement operated by them within the curfew hours 11 set forth in paragraph in (c) except as otherwise provided in 12 13 paragraph (d). Persons, firms, or corporations found guilty of violating this paragraph shall be subject to a fine of Five Hundred 14 15 Dollars (\$500) and that each violation shall constitute a separate 16 offense.

17(g) Enforcement. Any peace officer while on duty is hereby18empowered to arrest any minor who violates any of the provisions19of paragraphs (c) and (d). Upon arrest, the minor shall be returned20to the custody of the parent, guardian or other person charged with21the care and custody of the minor. All fines collected pursuant to any22violation of this section shall be earmarked for village recreational23facilities."

Section 3. Title. This Act may be cited or referred to as "The Juvenile
Curfew Act of 1994."

#### TWENTY-SECOND GUAM LEGISLATURE

1993 (First) Regular Session

640(LS) Bill No.

Introduced by:

E. P. Arriola Ha

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT CIVIL SECTION 31.65 OF TITLE 9 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO A JUVENILE CURPEW

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

Section 1. Legislative Findings: The Legislature finds 1 that there has been an increase in juvenile gang activity and 2 in general an increase in the incidence of juvenile criminal 3 activity, particularly during the evening hours in the 4 5 Territory of Guam. The Legislature finds that it has legitimate governmental interests in protecting children and 6 the community, in reducing the incidence of juvenile criminal 7 activity and in enforcing parental control over juveniles. A 8 more up-to-date and effective curfew law which can be enforced 9 is required to promote these interests. 10

11 The Legislature also finds that a curfew law-should only 12 contain reasonable restrictions on the personal rights of 13 juveniles taking into account the legitimate nocturnal pursuits 14 of minors in public places. At the same time an effective 15 curfew law should also penalize those adult persons, firms and 16 businesses which allow or permit minors to violate a reasonable 17 curfew. Section 2. §31.65 of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, is
 repealed and reenacted to read:

3 "\$31.65. Curfew.

A curfew applicable to minors is established and shall be
enforced as follows:

6 (a) Definition. The term "minor" shall mean, in
7 this section, any unemancipated person below the age of sixteen
8 (16) years of age. The term "minor" does not include any
9 person in the Armed Forces of the United States, or a married
10 person.

(b) Time Limits. It is a petty misdemeanor for any
minor to be or remain upon any of the alleys, streets or public
places or places of business and amusement, including parks,
playgrounds or other public places or grounds in the Territory
of Guam between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. of the
following day.

17 (C) Exceptions. The restriction provided by subsection (b) shall not apply to any minor that is accompanied 18 by a guardian, parent or other person charged with the care and 19 custody of such minor, or other responsible person over 20 Eighteen (18) years of age, nor shall the restriction apply to 21 any minor who is travelling internationally, interstate or 22 between his home or place of residence and a theater, his or 23 her place of employment, or where a church, municipal, school 24 or university function is being held. 25

1 Responsibility of Adults. (d) It is a petty misdemeanor for any parent, guardian or other person charged 2 with the care and custody of any minor to allow or permit such 3 minor to be in or upon any of the streets, alleys, places of business or amusement or other public places within the curfew 5 hours set by subsection (b) except as otherwise provided in 6 7 subsection (c). Persons found guilty of violating this subsection (d) shall be fined Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). 8 Each violation of the provisions of this Section shall 9 constitute a separate offense. 10

11 Responsibility of Business Establishments. (e) It is a petty misdemeanor for any person, firm or corporation 12 operating a place of business or amusement to allow or permit 13 any minor to be in or upon any place of business or amusement 14 operated by them within the curfew hours set by subsection (b) 15 except as otherwise provided in subsection (c). 16 Persons, 17 or corporations found guilty of violating this firms, subsection (e) shall be fined Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). 18 Each violation of the provisions of this Section shall 19 constitute a separate offense. 20

(f) Enforcement. Any peace officer of the Territory
of Guam while on duty is hereby empowered to arrest any minor
who violates any of the provisions of subsections (b) and (c).
Upon arrest, the minor shall be returned to the custody of the
parent, guardian or other person charged with the care and

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custody of the minor. The fines collected pursuant to any
 violation of this section shall be earmarked for
 *Violage fractional Facility*."

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Senator HERMINIA D. DIERKING

22nd GUAM LEGISLATURE

September 21, 1993

# **MEMORANDUM**

CHAIRPERSON:

Committees:

Rules

TO:

SUBJECT:

VICE CHAIRPERSON:

Ways & Means

MEMBER:

FROM: Acting Chairperson, Committee on Rules

Referral - Bill No. 640

Economic-Agricultural Development, and Insurance

Education

Electrical Power and Consumer Protection

Federal and Foreign Affairs

General Governmental Operations and Micronesian Affairs

> Health, Ecology and Welfare

Judiciary and Criminal Justice

Tourism and Transportation

Youth, Senior Citizens and Cultural Affairs The above Bill is referred to your Committee as the principle committee. Please note that the referral is subject to ratification by the Committee on Rules at its next meeting. It is recommended you schedule a public hearing at your earliest convenience.

Chairperson, Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice

ERREZ

Attachment,	
1	COFFICE OF THE LEGISTANCE TOFTARY
	ACTIVITIES THEN CONT
	FRaceivad By P-K-K-
	Time 3:20 AM.
	Dete 9-22-93 #919



JOSEPH F. ADA

Governor of Guam

FRANK F. BLAS

Lieutenant Governor



Government of Guam GUAM POLICE DEPARTME 287 West O'Brien Drive

Agana, Guam 96910 U.S. Territory of Guam



COLONEL A.P. SGAMBELLURI Chief of Police

JAN 1 4 1994

INSPECTOR B.A. LEON GUERRERO Chief of Staff

The Honorable Pilar C. Lujan Chairperson, Committee on Judiciary and Criminal Justice Twenty-Second Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Street Agana, Guam 96910

Subject: Bill Nos. 628, 640, 669(LS) and 791

Dear Senator Lujan:

#### <u>Bill No. 628</u>

GPD fully supports "The Don't Mess With Guam Anti-Graffiti Act of 1993." With the rise of gang-related activity, our island community has had to endure the increased appearance of unseemly unsightly and offensive graffiti. Although the vast majority of our people on Guam take pride in maintaining the beauty of our island, those few who show utter disrespect for such values by destroying or defacing property with graffiti must be held criminally responsible for such acts and be required to repair, refurbish and/or repaint the property so damaged. GPD believes that Bill 628 begins to address this problem.

There are, however, some technical corrections which should be made to the language of Bill 628. First, subsection (c) of §34.30 of Title 9 G.C.A. should read to cover private and public property:

"(c) he intentionally <u>damage, destroys, removes</u>, or defrays the property of <u>another or public property."</u>

Secondly, Section 2 of Bill 628 beginning on line seven which sets forth the punishment should be referenced to <u>§34.60</u> which sets out the punishments for the various forms of criminal mischief in §34.50 of Title 9 G.C.A.

#### Bill No. 640(LS)

GPD fully supports the newly proposed juvenile curfew law set forth in Bill 640(LS). Although it is troubling to think that Guam requires a law to force an awareness on parents or guardians of children to know the whereabouts of their children, there seems to be little choice given the rise of juvenile criminal activity.

> DRUG FREE GUAM PARA TODOS 472-8911 EXTS. 376 / 7 / 8 • FAX: (671) 472-4036



Letter to Senator Pilar C. Lujan Subject: Bill Nos. 628, 640(LS), 669 and 791 Page 2 of 2

#### <u>Bill No. 669</u>

GPD fully supports Bill 669 which regulates the speed of large transport vehicles (i.e., gross weight of vehicle and load of ten thousand pounds or more). It takes very little common sense to know that large transport vehicles pose significantly more harm to others than ordinary vehicles when traveling at the posted speed limits. This bill will not only have an effect on large transport vehicle-related accidents, but requiring large transport vehicles to travel at maximum speeds which are lower than the maximum posted speeds for ordinary vehicles should lessen the wear and tear of our roadways.

#### <u>Bill No. 791</u>

GPD supports the intent of Bill 791. Section 3 of Bill 791 (amending §3419 of 11 G.C.A. Division 1) which prohibits the sale of liquor to minors and makes clear that businesses should request identification from purchasers of liquor who appear to be minors is greatly needed.

However, Section 2 of Bill 791 (amending §3418 of 11 G.C.A. Division 1) raises some concern for GPD even though the intent is commendable. First, determining what constitutes a "habitual or common drunkard" is anticipated to cause much argument between proprietors or licensees and police officers who attempt to enforce this law as well as much dispute in court. Secondly, the scheme of this section appears to intend that only citations (tickets) be issued even though a violation of this offense constitutes a felony in the third degree which often result in an arrest. Thirdly, is it fair to limit this offense to licensees and not include the persons who actually serve liquor (i.e., employees, waiters, waitresses, bartenders, managers, etc.)? And finally, will the existence of such a law (even if it is a criminal law) which imposes a legal duty upon hosts (businesses/licensees) to be diligent about avoiding the sale of liquor to common or habitual drunkards or obviously intoxicated persons create future civil lawsuits (i.e., social host responsibility; or village fiesta or fundraising activities where licenses are required to sell liquor may be impacted by such a law)? Perhaps Section 2 of this Bill requires much more study and evaluation.

Sincerely,

SGAMBELLURI

BILLS/APL/13JAN94/BILL NOS. 628, 640(LS), 669 AND 791

COMPTTIEE UN JUDICIARY AND URIMINAL JUSTICE

-

TESTIMONY SIGN-UP SHEET

PUBLIC HEARING DATE: 1-14-94 HELD AT: 1:30 p.m.

**B640:** An Act to Repeal and Reenact Civil Section 31.65 of Title 9, GCA Relative to a Juvenile Curfew

PLEASE FILL IN EACH APPROPRIATE SPACE BELOW,

PRINT NAME			1	TESTIMONY	11	1	
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# COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY AND CRIMINAL JUSTICE VOTE SHEET ON SUBSTITUTE BILL NO. 640

"AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT §31.65 OF TITLE 9, GUAM CODE ANNOTATED, TO PROVIDE FOR ENFORCEMENT OF AND TO INSTITUTE PENALTIES AGAINST PERSONS FOUND VIOLATING THE CURFEW LAW; AND TO CITE THE ACT AS THE JUVENILE CURFEW ACT OF 1994."

RECOMMENDATION TO DO PASS

COMMITTEE MEMBERS:	TO DO PASS	NOT TO PASS	INACTIVE FILE:	ABSTAIN:
P. S. Lujan, Chairperson	<u>~</u>			
F. E. Santos, Vice-Chairperson				
J. T. San Agiistin, Speaker & Ex-Officio				
A. C. Blaz, Member				- To recort
M. Z. Bordallo, Member				
H. D. Dierking, Member	V			
C. T.C. Gutierrez, Member	Ne province			
V. C. Pangelinan, Member				
D. Parkinson, Member	; /			
T. VC Tanaka, Member	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$			
A. R Unpingco, Member			-	



#### Introduced

SEP 1 5'93

TWENTY-SECOND GUAM LEGISLATURE

1993 (First) Regular Session

Bill No. 640 (LS)

Introduced by:

E. P. Arriola Eta

AN ACT TO REPEAL AND REENACT CIVIL SECTION 31.65 OF TITLE 9 OF THE GUAM CODE ANNOTATED RELATIVE TO A JUVENILE CURFEW

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE TERRITORY OF GUAM:

1 section 1. Legislative Findings: The Legislature finds that there has been an increase in juvenile gang activity and 2 in general an increase in the incidence of juvenile criminal 3 activity, particularly during the evening hours in the 5 Territory of Guam. The Legislature finds that it has legitimate governmental interests in protecting children and 6 the community, in reducing the incidence of juvenile criminal 7 8 activity and in enforcing parental control over juveniles. A more up-to-date and effective curfew law which can be enforced 9 10 is required to promote these interests.

The Legislature also finds that a curfew law should only contain reasonable restrictions on the personal rights of juveniles taking into account the legitimate nocturnal pursuits of minors in public places. At the same time an effective curfew law should also penalize those adult persons, firms and businesses which allow or permit minors to violate a reasonable curfew.

1	Section 2. §31.65 of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, is
2	repealed and reenacted to read:
3	"§31.65. Curfew.
4	A curfew applicable to minors is established and shall be
5	enforced as follows:
6	(a) <b>Definition.</b> The term "minor" shall mean, in
7	this section, any unemancipated person below the age of sixteen
8	(16) years of age. The term "minor" does not include any
9	person in the Armed Forces of the United States, or a married
10	person.
11	(b) <b>Time Limits.</b> It is a petty misdemeanor for any
12	minor to be or remain upon any of the alleys, streets or public
13	places or places of business and amusement, including parks,
14	playgrounds or other public places or grounds in the Territory
15	of Guam between the hours of 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. of the
16	following day.
17	(c) Exceptions. The restriction provided by
18	subsection (b) shall not apply to any minor that is accompanied
19	by a guardian, parent or other person charged with the care and
20	custody of such minor, or other responsible person over
21	Eighteen (18) years of age, nor shall the restriction apply to
22	any minor who is travelling internationally, interstate or
23	between his home or place of residence and a theater, his or
24	her place of employment, or where a church, municipal, school
25	or university function is being held.

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1 (d) Responsibility of Adults. It is a petty 2 misdemeanor for any parent, guardian or other person charged with the care and custody of any minor to allow or permit such 3 minor to be in or upon any of the streets, alleys, places of business or amusement or other public places within the curfew 5 hours set by subsection (b) except as otherwise provided in 6 subsection (c). 7 Persons found guilty of violating this 8 subsection (d) shall be fined Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). Each violation of the provisions of this Section shall 9 10 constitute a separate offense.

11 Responsibility of Business Establishments. (e) It is a petty misdemeanor for any person, firm or corporation 12 operating a place of business or amusement to allow or permit 13 any minor to be in or upon any place of business or amusement 14 operated by them within the curfew hours set by subsection (b) 15 except as otherwise provided in subsection (c). 16 Persons, firms, or corporations found guilty of violating this 17 subsection (e) shall be fined Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00). 18 Each violation of the provisions of this Section shall 19 20 constitute a separate offense.

(f) Enforcement. Any peace officer of the Territory
of Guam while on duty is hereby empowered to arrest any minor
who violates any of the provisions of subsections (b) and (c).
Upon arrest, the minor shall be returned to the custody of the
parent, guardian or other person charged with the care and

custody of the minor. The fines collected pursuant to any
 violation of this section shall be earmarked for
 billage presentational Facilities."